## ABUSE IN CARE ROYAL COMMISSION OF INQUIRY MARYLANDS SCHOOL

The Inquiries Act 2013

Under

In the matter of The Royal Commission of Inquiry into Historical Abuse in State Care and in the Care of Faith-based Institutions **Royal Commission:** Judge Coral Shaw (Chair) Ali'imuamua Sandra Alofivae **Counsel:** Ms Katherine Anderson, Mr Simon Mount QC, Ms Kerryn Beaton QC, Ms Jane Glover, Ms Anne Toohey, Ms Kima Tuiali'i, Ms Julia Spelman, Mr Winston McCarthy, Ms Echo Haronga, Mr Michael Thomas and Ms Kathy Basire for the **Royal Commission** Ms Rachael Schmidt-McCleave, Ms Julia White and Mr Max Clarke-Parker for the Crown Ms Sonja Cooper, Ms Amanda Hill, Mr Sam Benton, Ms Alana Thomas and Mr Sam Wimsett as other counsel attending Venue: Level 2 Abuse in Care Royal Commission of Inquiry 414 Khyber Pass Road **AUCKLAND** Date: 10 February 2022 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

1	[10.08 am]
2	CHAIR: Kia ora kaikarakia, thank you. Ata mārie ki a koe, welcome back to the second day of
3	our hearing into the St John of God Brothers. And thank you Ms Anderson.
4	MS ANDERSON: Thank you Madam Chair. For our first witness we're going to an AVL from
5	Christchurch, so I'll just hand over to the technical team where the witness will be
6	introduced, affirmation administered and then we'll begin.
7	CHAIR: Good morning.
8	MS SPELMAN: Mōrena.
9	CHAIR: Morena Ms Spelman. Is that Adam?
10	SURVIVOR: Correct.
11	CHAIR: Very nice to see you, thank you for being present and thank you for being willing to
12	come and share your account with us, we're very grateful, so kia ora ki a koe. Can I ask
13	you, Adam, before you start if you would it's called taking the affirmation, it's really just
14	agreeing to tell the truth, I'm just going to read that to you, are you ready for that?
15	A. Correct.
16	Q. All right thank you Adam.
17	ADAM TAINA KARL POWELL (Affirmed)
18	CHAIR: Over to you Ms Spelman. We're frozen.
19	MS SPELMAN: Tēnā koe. Just before we begin I'll check, we might be frozen.
20	CHAIR: I think we are frozen. I can hear you but
21	MS SPELMAN: The screen just froze for a moment, just checking that you're there.
22	CHAIR: Yes, we're here and we can see and hear you. Thank you.
23	MS SPELMAN: Thank you. Tēnā koe. Mātua ake, e mihi ana ki tō tātou kaiwhakawairua i te ata
24	nei, tēnā koe Jesse. Nāu tēnei rā i tūwhera ka tika. Otirā, tēnā kōrua e ngā Kaikōmihana i te
25	rangi nei. Ko Julia Spelman tōku ingoa. Nōku te whiwhi ki te noho i te taha a Adam i te rā
26	hei tautoko ki a ia; tēnā tātou.
27	CHAIR: Tēnā koe.
28	MS SPELMAN: I'm just going to pass over to Adam who would like to introduce himself and
29	also his support person.
30	SURVIVOR: Tēnā kōrua. Ko Adam tōku ingoa. Thank you very much for this time that we
31	have together to speak the truth and nothing but the truth. I'd also like to introduce to you
32	my support person, Matiu, which has been a great help, but also Sir Ken Clearwater and
33	also the other people that have been involved with the Male Survivors Trust. Thank you

very much for your time, much appreciated.

- 1 **CHAIR:** Thank you.
- 2 **QUESTIONING BY MS SPELMAN:** Kia ora Adam.
- 3 A. Kia ora.
- 4 Q. So we know we've got here your written statement that you prepared for the Royal
- 5 Commission.
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. And just as a reminder for us all, the Commissioners have already got your statement and
- they've read it. And so we won't be going into the detail of the abuse that you experienced
- at Marylands, but we know that it's all in the statement that's been read. And just a
- reminder for us to speak at a speed where they can type everything up.
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 **Q.** And just to be careful of not mentioning names of the other boys who were there at
- Marylands with you. So, I wanted to begin, Adam, by just asking you for some background
- in terms of where you're from and a little bit about where you were born, no whea koe, over
- to you?
- A. I was born in Otaki and I was adopted out to a whānau who was at Stratford and moved on
- to Morrinsville and her name was GRO-B and through that whānau, I had the
- upbringing which was okay. However, as they found out, I had disabilities of learning and
- this is why they sent me to a school thinking that I would get the learning abilities that
- I needed to learn and to carry on with my walk in life.
- 21 Q. Tēnā koe Adam. So, you were born in Otaki and I know you were adopted out around
- 22 (inaudible). Does that mean your whakapapa is to that area, Otaki? Where were your
- parents from?
- 24 A. Yes, I can say that Ngāti Raukawa, Maniapoto and Tainui.
- 25 **Q.** Tēnā koe. But as a young boy you were adopted to another family?
- 26 A. Yes.
- 27 **Q.** And you've mentioned -- was it when you were at school that you began to have those
- troubles with learning that you've spoken about?
- 29 A. That is correct, and like anything, whether it be boy or girl, the ability can be either be very
- quick or very slow. In my case, it was slow, because it's like anything, you teach at a place,
- or pace, sorry, you understand. If it's too fast it seems to go out the back door, if I might
- 32 put it that way.
- 33 Q. And when you were a young boy, when was it that your family started to notice that you

- 1 had these troubles with learning?
- 2 A. I believe it would have been prior to my adopted mother passing away in 1976 and it was
- due to them that my family, which was my sister and her adopted family, decided they
- 4 heard about Marylands Special School to send me down there to get the help that I needed.
- 5 Q. And is it right, Adam, that you were about 12 years old when you went to Marylands?
- 6 A. Yes, about that, because my mother passed away in 1976, the 1st 1976 of January.
- 7 Q. And I understand, Madam Chair, that there's a photo that's been organised this morning, a
- photo of Adam when he went to Marylands that was going to be put up just briefly. I'm
- 9 hoping one of my colleagues has that reference?
- 10 **CHAIR:** There's always this anxious moment while we wait but I think it's happening. What we
  11 can do to relieve the pressure on the poor people who are trying to make this happen, if you
  12 don't mind we'll just wait until it's ready and as soon as it comes up we'll refer back to it, is
- that all right Ms Spelman?
- 14 QUESTIONING BY MS SPELMAN CONTINUED: That's fine thank you. Adam, if we can
- turn then to your time at Marylands when you arrived there to start school, and I wanted to
- ask you first of all about what the education was like there. Obviously you've explained
- your family wanted you to go there to get the help that you needed. What was it like being
- at school at Marylands?
- 19 A. The learning abilities from the Brothers quite frankly was very appalling. The only person
- 20 that took the time out, to whom I will mention his name, was Peter Butcher. The reason
- 21 why I mention his name, he was the only teacher that took the time out to teach, to show us
- boys how to understand and write things in the proper manner and right way.
- 23 Q. Thank you. And you've said in your statement, this is at paragraph 26, that "during the day
- we went to school and basically just got yelled at." Could you tell us a bit about that?
- 25 A. Obviously from the Brothers' point of view, you didn't understand it you get yelled at, then
- you get the strap, and that was about a metre and a half long. And then you get told to sit
- down and then they still yell at you, and this is in front of most of the boys that were in
- your classroom.
- 29 **Q.** And what was that experience like for you when that happened?
- A. For me personally, despite disability, and quite frustrating because you're trying to do your
- 31 best knowing that the disabilities that I had, I didn't understand and then they yell at you
- 32 again and again and again.
- 33 Q. And you've spoken in your statement, Adam, about being made to do practical work around
- 34 the school as well, helping in the gardens or in other parts of the school. Could you tell us a

- 1 bit about that?
- A. During the time we were told to do things around the school, also even doing some of the chores around the school they'd get angry because we didn't do it the correct way they wanted it done and they wanted this and that done. And then they wonder why some of the boys like myself walk away, couldn't be bothered, and then they wonder why we get angry, frustrated, then they wonder why we started doing things to set them off and then they get angry and then we get another walloping.
- You've spoken in your statement, Adam, about for you learning practically was actually what worked for you, when you were shown something rather than being told. Could you tell us a bit about that?
- 11 A. Correct. At the time when we were told to do bits and pieces around the place, I found it
  12 practical that down at a school in Halswell they used to bring their broken bikes to
  13 Marylands and we used to fix them. There was a brother called Stephen Coakley that used
  14 to take us around the back where the bikes needed fixing and that's where I kind of learned
  15 by doing things practically with bikes, showing me how to fix a bike and certain other
  16 things using tools, spanners and what it's for.
- Thanks Adam. The next part I wanted to ask you about was what it was like being Māori at
  Marylands. And so first of all could you tell us, other than yourself, do you remember there
  being many other Māori boys there? I know we won't say their names, but were there
  many other Māori boys when you were there?
- A. To my knowledge there would have been one, two, three, four, maybe about six of us

  Māori young fullas way back then. But even then, you'd try and do your best from way

  back then from what I remember, you try and do your best to do everything possible, but

  you still, from their intentions was, just go or else you get a hiding and it's like, well, you

  know, we're trying to do our best as children. You give me the understanding, not a

  problem. But you get yelled at, then you get physically hit, incidents like that, you want to

  do things but you can't.
- Q. And for the Māori boys at the school, was there any -- were there any classes or activities organised to do with Māori culture, any kapa haka or that sort of thing?
- A. To my knowledge I cannot remember the Brothers doing anything of the sort. The only person, as I mentioned before, his name Peter Butcher would take the time out of teaching us one or two small words, kia ora, tēnā koe, kōrua meaning two; koutou meaning many, and that was the kind of bloke he was. It was only Peter Butcher that took the time out to recognise that okay, we have Māori children here, they might need a helping hand at doing

that. So, he was the only one that I had a lot of respect for. As for the Brothers they didn't give a hootananny.

- Q. Other than him, what was it like when there was any te reo Māori spoken amongst the boys, what was the reaction of the rest of the Brothers?
- From what I gathered way back then, they were appalled, they didn't like it and you get a crack. That would be whether around the backside, on the hand or around the head, and I got it around the head and the arm and the backside, several times.
- 8 **Q.** Thank you Adam. Now in your statement we've got the detail of some of the abuse you experienced from paragraph 34 through to 60 and we'll just take those as read.

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A.

I'd like to move now if we can to talk about some of the impacts that that abuse has had on you, both when you were a child and through to now. If I could start, Adam, by asking you about when you left Marylands, and I understand from your statement you were about 16 when you left the school. Could you tell us a bit about that time in your life? I think that the impact that it had was quite severe because you didn't have a full understanding, if one was to talk to you to show you because -- particularly because of the impact it had, depending on the person, in my case I was a very angry young man. And because of the impact that they had on my walk in life, I know for a fact it affected me the way I talked to people, especially my elders and especially to the young people.

And because of the impact it still impacted on my family, because they didn't know what to do and because of the impact it had on my friends, they didn't know what to do, so I resorted to doing mischief things and also doing silly things, as you do and the consequences of your actions are wait on, you just can't do those things. That's the impact and the impact, whether one wants to believe it or not, is still there until this day.

- Q. Tēnā koe Adam. And that anger that you've spoken about, the impact, what did that mean in terms of when you left Marylands, where did you go after that?
- A. I resorted to way back then, after once my mother passed away in 1976, the family weren't 26 too bothered, so that's when I joined up with the Mongrel Mob, prospected, then I got a 27 patch. Then later on in time you learn the hard way, GRO-B and also the 28 community. From there, and the impact, wait on, I need to change my walk in life. And 29 due to that, I had the privilege from Social Welfare going into the Army, and I did a course 30 in the Army which disciplined me, showed me different ways and made me understand 31 32 certain aspects that one needs a little bit of helping for. And I learned in the Army how to get that help and how to understand because they showed me physically, mentally how to 33

do and put that anger in another place. And that was taking it out on the field for training.

**Q.** So how long did you stay in the Army for?

A.

- A. It was only for about a year, I did my training, we went in as a cadet, going back in the
  early 80s, went in as a cadet, that's what they used to do with some, not all, some of those
  people that were on Social Welfare were on the benefit way back then, perhaps some of
  them needed help. I was one that needed help, I decided to go in there and I didn't give a -excuse my French, --a diddly hootananny about what the family wanted or what were their
  reasons, I did it for myself.
- **Q.** And after you left the Army, you've spoken that you still carried the impacts of your childhood with you through to your life as an adult. Can you tell us a bit more about that?
  - A. Well, after learning stuff in the Army, the impacts, whether it be here or abroad, I mean abroad up in the North Island in Aotearoa, as much as I'd like to say I've got rid of all of my impacts, I'll be brutally honest with you, it's still going to be there, try and flog it off it's not going to work.

However, when one deals with it slowly and has understanding through different people, and I mean different as in male survivors, through Ken Clearwater, through Matiu and through different organisations and understanding, the impact slowly dwindles, because they are giving you the understanding how to cope with this or how to cope with that, and then that gives you more of a respect for the person or persons and the community.

- Q. Kia ora. I'd like to ask you, Adam, about another part of that impact, which is how the abuse impacted on relationships that you've had. So, relationships within your family and these days with mokopuna, what has that meant for you in terms of how you see that impact (inaudible)?
  - The impact for me has an effect such as way back in the heyday I used to live at Alpine View and I used to live on my own and I didn't have to worry about what I needed to do, but I'd get things sorted my way, as we all do, men and women, they have a way of doing things, and that impact helped me to sort stuff out. But as a family, they didn't really want anything to do with me and my impact there, having that done, was like well, obviously you don't really give a hootananny or stuff about what I'm going or what I'm doing until my sister in our adoptive family, in my adoptive family mentioned to me "It happened to you, did it not?" To those words. And I said yes, it did.

So that was the impact it had on her, before she passed away. And as was just mentioned, the impact for me for children, because I am a bus driver, you have the impact, well wait on, say good morning to the children, they say good morning, but don't touch.

1	And it's like well, if that being the case, learn from that, be respectful and mindful, because
2	at the end of the day something, if it's done inappropriately, it will come back and bite you

- in the backside.

  Adam just to elerify like you're often quite contion
- 4 **Q.** Adam, just to clarify, like you're often quite cautious or thinking about those things when you have interactions with young people today?
- A. Yes, it does. Don't get me wrong, it would be in anybody's case where coming from the boys from Marylands Order of St John, it would be very standoffish, depending if one has had children, which some of them may have had children. Yes, they'd be used to that, as in holding their children and perhaps doing it in front of the parents, giving them a hug as well. As for me, no, I do not have children, hence why I'm a bit standoffish hugging kids and doing that because all of a sudden it comes back to me wait on, don't touch the kids.
- 12 **Q.** Thank you Adam. I wanted to ask, you mentioned about your sister and that conversation 13 about what happened to you. Just to go back for a moment to when you were at Marylands, 14 at that time was there anyone around that you were able to talk to about the abuse that you 15 experienced?
- A. At that particular time, no, not really. The only person which I believe that some of the boys at that time were quite honest, the only person that I will mention the name that took the time and took us under our wing, or her wing sorry, was Liz Davidson, the cook at Marylands Special School. And it was through her that taught me about writing, understanding, even showing how to peel spuds. She took us under her wing to show us and she listened. And I know for a fact if it wasn't for her, I think in all honesty if some of us boys were really honest, if it wasn't for her we wouldn't be where we are today.
- Q. Tēnā koe. So am I right, Adam, that other than her there wasn't other people at Marylands you could trust to talk to about what happened?
- A. Correct. And having said that, coming from Marylands Special School out of the dormitory block, during that time we were there, the villas were getting built and then prior to that they had different ladies coming in looking after us and even then you still didn't trust, because you didn't know who to tell, you didn't know who to trust, and from some of us and our point of view was no, don't even bother going there, waste of time.
- Q. And that experience, Adam, that you had, do you think that might have been the same for some of the other boys at Marylands, those same thoughts?
- A. I think so, and you'd think you'd be able to trust somebody or a brother, but being with the
  Brothers, they go to the church next to the hospital, go and do their whatever they're doing,
  and they'd talk about this and talk about that. And I can say that factually because we, a

- couple of the other boys caught them out.
- 2 **Q.** So Adam, when was it that you started speaking to other people about what happened to you as a child?
- A. It was mainly my adopted sister when she spoke up and said to me "It happened to you down there didn't it?" As much as I didn't want to admit the truth, she said "It happened to you, did it not?" That's when the floodgates opened and I had to be honest and real with her, and as I said, "It did happen GRO-B", GRO-B is her name, yes, it did happen. As I stated to her, "I do not blame the family whatsoever. You did not know what was happening down here in Christchurch at Marylands Special School, I do not blame you whatsoever."
- 11 **CHAIR:** Ms Spelman, can I just ask a question of Adam. How old were you when your sister asked you that question? Were you an adult or were you still a young person?
- 13 A. No, I was an adult then. So, I would have been just give and take around 20 thereabouts.

  14 So, it was her that asked the question which I was quite thankful because --yes.
- 15 **Q.** Yes, thank you for that.
- 16 A. Thank you.
- 17 **QUESTIONING BY MS SPELMAN CONTINUED:** In terms of contact with anyone from
  18 Marylands about what happened to you, I understand you were contacted by them when
  19 you were an adult, by Peter Burke. Could you tell us a bit about how that contact came to
  20 be?
- The contact was by letter form, because that was the only thing he could do was by letter A. 21 form, and the only reason why I said to him "Everything's done by letter, you don't get my 22 phone number or nothing." And due to the letter form as such, whether that-- he did it that 23 way, because again I say, who do you trust? That's what it boils down to me. And it's no 24 different to any of the other boys, who do you trust? And it's like anybody, man, woman, 25 you build a rapport with people as I've built a rapport with the male survivors, through Ken 26 Clearwater, Matiu and also, if I may mention his name, Earle Botchell. You build that 27 rapport, if you don't there's no trust. 28
- Q. Given that you've said, that what was your reaction when Peter Burke got in touch with you?
- A. At the time, excuse my appropriation, what a load of crock. As far as my understanding was way back then, all he wanted to do is my understanding was then, just sweep it under the carpet. "The quicker we get rid of you fullas." That's when I kind of understood slowly

- the way how he dealt with certain things and how I understood it. In some cases, he didn't
- take everything into consideration. However, from the letter form that's all I wanted and
- 3 that was it.
- 4 Q. So, he got in touch with you and did you go and have a meeting with him in person?
- 5 A. Yes, we had a meeting. At the time it was called the Star and Garter down Barbados Street
- in a motel on the left-hand side across the river, there's a little creek and I believe there
- was,-- I can't quote how many boys were there at the time, I believe there's quite a few of
- 8 us, and it was then that he started speaking to us individually and then it was then he started
- 9 to tell us what was going to happen. And then he mentioned about the lawyers are going to
- get a hold of you, which I believe it was Grant Associates or something along those lines,
- and then he said he was going to write out another letter form of how much we're going to
- 12 pay you.
- 13 Q. So you mentioned other boys that were there at the motel. Did you see the other boys when
- you went in there? Were you all in together?
- 15 A. Yes, well we weren't. -- He'd pull us aside, take us into another room while the lawyer was
- there and the boys were in a lounge room, so to speak, if I might put it that way, from my
- knowledge. And so they'd take us into a separate room individually, talk about what
- happened, he didn't mention too much about the sexual, physical and mental abuse, all he
- wanted from my understanding and what he was saying, see you later. That's my
- 20 understanding from what I recall what Peter Burke was doing.
- 21 **Q.** And how did that make you feel at the time Adam?
- 22 A. Quite frankly, made me feel like mud. You go walking through a field and you've just
- planted a load of potatoes and you're walking through mud. It felt like you were just
- 24 thrown out on to the paddock, you deal with it, see you later. And that's what I mean by
- 25 mud. I could say inappropriate other things also, but I think due to putting things in
- perspective, I know that's what it felt like. We could say a few other words but no, I think
- 27 you gather what I'm talking about, mud meaning different other word, but I'll refrain from
- using that type of word.
- 29 **CHAIR:** We get the picture, Adam, we get the picture thank you.
- 30 A. Thank you.
- QUESTIONING BY MS SPELMAN CONTINUED: And when you had your meeting with
- Peter Burke, were you able to tell him the details that you've put in your statement to the
- 33 Royal Commission?
- A. Again, it's a trust factor. Peter Burke, as far as I understood then, was part of the Brothers

1		of St John of God, he was the so called 'boss' and "I'm not going to tell you everything, I
2		don't trust you. You can say this and that and you can use whatever you say against
3		whatever I've already said to you and then you'll try and manipulate it, and as far as I'm
4		concerned Peter Burke, I don't trust you." Because what you might say in a nice manner,
5		no, it's trust, and I've never trusted him and I'll tell you that straight.
6	Q.	Tēnā koe. And you've mentioned in terms of the letter form, you didn't want to give your

- Q. Tēnā koe. And you've mentioned in terms of the letter form, you didn't want to give your phone number but he would communicate with you by letter. And I understand that after your meeting he did send you a letter. And I think we've got a copy of that, Madam Chair, to pull up on Trial Director. For the record the reference is EXT0019109.
- 10 **CHAIR:** Yes, I think that's coming. Did we get the photo by the way? We'll look at the photo a bit later, in the meantime we'll look at the letter, thank you.
- 12 **QUESTIONING BY MS SPELMAN CONTINUED:** Thank you. So Adam, I know you've
  13 seen this letter before and I just, --we don't need to go through and read the entire letter, but
  14 I just wanted to ask you really, what was your reaction when you received this letter? What
  15 did you think about it?
- A. Brutally honestly, excuse me Madam Speaker, but to me it was a crock of crap. Because
  he's only put in there what he wants to put in there and it doesn't entail what I'm thinking, it
  only tells me what he's thinking, what he's going to do and does he give a diddly squat
  about anything else? No. So my thoughts, yes, he has put it in letter form, but as far as
  I feel when I read it, it was like there you go, just been chucked out in the paddock again.
- 21 **Q.** Does that mean there are some things missing from the letter?

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- 22 A. Not necessarily missing from the letter, it just felt like you were spat on and everything else 23 and it's not genuine, I believe.
- Q. Tēnā koe. Thank you, that's all we need with that letter. Adam, after the letter I understand that they arranged for a compensation payment to come to you and I know you've got some views about the money in these sorts of situations. Could you tell us a bit about your thoughts on that, on the money?
- A. On the money side of things, to be brutally honest with you, he knew what he was doing
  and it was a pittance due to the sexual, physical and mental abuse, not only to me but many
  of the other boys, it's pittance. He knew that, that's why he took the time out with his
  lawyers, Grant Associates I believe, I stand to be corrected, and that's why they decided to
  do a payout to get rid of us and the quicker they got that done, the better.

So as far as I'm concerned with the payout, they knew that some of us were going to spend it just like that, they knew that some of us, because we didn't have an

1	understanding really about money, they knew that we could have invested in somewhere
2	else perhaps, but young as we were, we didn't understand that. All we knew that wait on,
3	we'll spend money and we'll spend it here, there and go and do this with it. That's why
4	I say it was a pittance compared to what, if I may add, what the Canadian Government paid
5	out to the boys and girls that were abused like us boys and girls that are abused here in
6	New Zealand.

- Q. I just note we've still got the screen share so we're not able to see you. Could we just stop the screen share so we can see you again? Thank you.
  - **CHAIR:** Have we come back, have we returned? Good.

- 10 QUESTIONING BY MS SPELMAN CONTINUED: So thank you for that, Adam. I
  11 understand what you're saying in terms of your thoughts about the payment and that Peter
  12 Burke meeting. The other aspect I wanted to ask you about was your interaction with
  13 Police, because we've heard that there have been prosecutions of some of the Brothers from
  14 Marylands School and I just wanted to understand for you whether you had been to the
  15 Police yourself about what happened?
  - A. The Police, at the time when Brother McGrath went up and some of the boys went to court, at that time again, I bring to the forefront who do you trust, who do I believe that's going to believe our story. And as it was brought to me later on in time, and I'm very thankful that due to a police officer that was dealing with the Marylands Special School abuse, the police officer asked me how -"Why or how did you not come and see us?" My thought was I didn't know who to come to see. I didn't know who to trust and who's going to believe me-.

And then later on in time as you learn along the way, because there are people as with Sir Ken Clearwater, and due to other people that have been through the situation, and it's through them that put me through a gentleman by the name of Earle Botchell. And as I said, trust. And you've got to build that trust, it's like a rapport, building the trust with somebody or something perhaps, in this case it was Mr Botchell.

- Q. Thank you. And Adam, again, that's been your experience of not feeling trust in terms of contacting Police yourself and perhaps needing them to come to you. Do you think there would have been other boys in a similar situation to you?
- A. No doubt. And honestly, some of them even today. Now they might be seeing what's happening today, oh I remember that dude, I remember this person, and now they can see that the Police, as I said at a male survivors' meeting, the Police are here for us not against us.

Q. Tēnā koe. I'd like to turn now, Adam, to ask you a bit about your own journey of "healing" is the word you've used in here and you've touched on it a little bit in terms of the support that you've got. But I understand another part of that has been reconnecting more to your taha Māori and understanding more about who you are. So, I just wonder if you could tell the Commissioners about what has been helpful for you in terms of healing from what happened?

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A.

A.

In all honesty I believe it's -- the healing aspect side of it has been having that understanding and knowing that certain organisations or certain places that you can go and learn something new. In my case it was a Māori programme in Palmerston North that I went to, to learn -Māori and also certain aspects at a fellowship, and through that, that started the healing process.

However, the healing process does take time and it does not happen overnight, and it will not happen overnight, it depends on where I'm at, or any other boy that's been involved, it takes time, and that might take forever. However, in my case, it's taken time, but because I've had the support and understanding to help heal slowly, and the beautiful thing about it is, now that I understand through male survivors, through Ken Clearwater, my support person, Matiu, and others, they give you the understanding and that starts the healing process. If it wasn't for that, I think somewhere along the line I'd still be an angry man and I'd be taking my rubbish to the community wherever else and I could be in jail by now.

So, the healing process has got to start somewhere. For some of us it might be somewhere different. Hopefully the healing process doesn't start in prison. However, sometimes it does due to the help they get from in prison into the community. So it can work both ways, depending on where the man's at or the girl's at this particular time. Kia ora Adam. I know there's one other part that you wanted to speak about today, Adam, and you mentioned briefly earlier the Canadian Government. But I know you have some thoughts about what this Commission, what the Government, what the church should be doing now to put things right for children who this happened to. Do you want to tell us a

Well, Madam Speakers, it's very simple, as it has been kept simple, the beautiful thing is the start to the finish and it's got to start here. And I think in all honesty, as the Minister has mentioned, it's been going on for too long and now we need to get it sorted. And I believe we're in a situation where it needs to be sorted. And why I say the Canadian Government, which I read through a statement going through different organisations and stuff, they made

bit now about what you think could be done going forward?

a plan, they needed to deal with it and I believe we're on the path of dealing with this whole situation for the men, and excuse me, also for the girls. And I say the girls because they had the nuns next door from Brothers of St John of God and I'm sure somewhere along the line that those girls were affected somewhere or somewhat.

And at the end of the day, yes, we had male survivors here in New Zealand, but I ask myself what do the women have? In that case to my knowledge there's not much for the ladies to go to to get the help they need like us boys. And I know for a fact if we can take a leap out of what the Canadian Government has done, or their commission or whatever might be happening over there, how they put it, if we take a leaf out of their book and do the right thing, front up, yes, we've done wrong, I'm not blaming the Government for everything, no. My parents didn't know sending me down there and I'm not really blaming the State because they didn't know what was happening, but if we get on to it now, the quicker we get it dealt with, I don't want to see any other boy or girl, that is a man or woman today, go through the same situation that we're all going through today.

- Q. Thank you for sharing that with us. We can hear the feeling in your voice, so thank you for sharing that with us. I'm conscious that our Commissioners may have some questions for you as well. Do you have anything else that you'd like to cover before we check in with them about whether they have questions?
- A. All I need to say to Minister Hipkins from what you said online that you and I practice what we preach, quote unquote, it's been going on for too long and the Royal Commission are here to, --we're going to get it dealt with and we need to get it dealt with as soon as possible because I don't want to see any man, woman, need to go through what we're going through to get it dealt with in a right and proper manner because there's a lot of people hurting out there, and yes it's not the parents' fault because of they sending us down to school, they didn't know what was happening. But until now, now they know, and some of those men and women that are affected, they need to know.
- Q. Thank you Madam Chair, I'll just pass over to you, I'm conscious there may be questions from the Commissioners.
- **CHAIR:** Kia ora Adam. What you said has been really, really helpful. And thank you for recognising that there are other groups out there who are affected in the same way as you but who might not be recognised, and that's a very important thing for us to consider.

Adam, I've got a question, and it's up to you how you answer this, but you were, - you're very critical, and I think rightly so, of the lack of education that you got at Marylands. You went there I think when you were 12; is that right?

- 1 A. Thereabouts, yes.
- 2 Q. Yes, so had you been going to school in Morrinsville or other places before you went to
- 3 Marylands?
- 4 A. Correct, I went to a school, primary school, then intermediate school in Morrinsville.
- 5 Q. Okay. So and I think you said that it was a bit difficult because some teachers went too fast
- and it was hard for you to keep up. Is that right?
- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. When you finished at intermediate and before you went to Marylands, were you able to
- 9 read and write?
- 10 A. I was able to read and write through my adopted mother and she was the one that taught me
- 11 how to read and write.
- 12 **Q.** Right, so you got that from your adopted mother rather than from school, is that right?
- 13 A. Pretty much, yes.
- 14 Q. Yeah. Okay, so you could read and write. Could you do numbers, could you do sums and
- maths?
- 16 A. Not really. I never had an understanding of numbers. Yes, 2 plus 2, all that kind of stuff a
- little bit, yes, I understood. When it comes to big sums and stuff, yes.
- Well, I join you in that because I'm not very good at maths either. So now when we go to
- Marylands and you're supposed to be going there to get further education, did you learn
- anything more when you went to Marylands, did you have schooling that helped you
- 21 improve your reading and writing, for example?
- 22 A. Thank you for bringing that to my attention. Yes, I did, and as I mentioned, the only person
- that took the time out for us boys was Peter Butcher and his way of doing things, whether
- 24 that be on the board, what do you call it?
- 25 MS SPELMAN: Blackboard.
- 26 **CHAIR:** Blackboard.
- 27 A. Yes in showing us, the majority of us learn quicker that way than just verbally talking and
- write it down. And the majority of us learned it quicker that way than what half the
- Brothers would teach us on a piece of paper, and that's why they got- and that's- why they
- 30 did things.
- 31 Q. So Peter Butcher obviously was a good teacher who suited you; is that right?
- 32 A. Correct.
- Was he there all the time you were there, was he teaching you all the time, or was he just
- 34 there for part of the time?

- 1 A. No, he was there during the week as a teacher, and yes, I can say all the time bar the
- weekends, as you can understand, yes.
- 3 **Q.** But for the --
- 4 A. But yes (inaudible).
- 5 **Q.** But for the whole time you were at Marylands was Peter Butcher there?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 **Q.** He was, okay, good. So he was able to do that. And but was that the, --was he the only one who gave you teaching that worked?
- 9 A. That worked, I can't remember one or two of the other teachers at present, but yes, to me he was my first teacher, yes.
- Okay. Thank you for answering that, I'm really grateful and thank you again for everything you've said. I'm going to hand you over now to the other Commissioner, Sandra Alofivae, and she might have some questions for you as well.
- 14 **COMMISSIONER ALOFIVAE:** Tēnā koutou katoa, Adam, talofa lava.
- 15 A. Malo.
- 16 **Q.** Malo. Can I just ask you some questions about your recall. What we know is that the school didn't keep good records of who attended, so you've mentioned some Māori boys.
- Were there any other ethnicities there? Were there any Pacific or Asian or other European kids?
- A. Yes, there were.-- I believe from memory there were two Pacific Islander boys and there were one or two Asian boys there as well.
- Okay, thank you. And so your family were the ones that placed you at the school. Do you remember if they had to pay fees for you at the school?
- 24 A. Thank you for bringing that to my attention. As far as I understand, as my brother GRO-B
  25 he's the one that dropped me off down there and it was he that said to me that we had to pay
  26 for your fees down there, whatever it was, hence, I can tell you both straight, why when
  27 mum passed away everything went to him. In other words, the inheritance and we didn't
  28 get anything, which didn't worry me, but he said to me "That's what paid for your
  29 institution down here at Marylands." So (inaudible) to believe him, what he said, other
  30 than you don't see the paperwork, you don't see nothing. So you obviously think okay,
- leave it at that and that's what he told me.
- Q. And so did they pack your suitcase with lots of clothes for you and toothbrushes and toothpaste and things like that?

- 1 A. No. They sent me down with a, I don't know if you recall the old duffel bags with two
- 2 strings on the back.
- 3 **Q.** Yes I do.
- 4 A. That was it.
- 5 **Q.** That was it, okay. So did the school provide those things for you?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 **Q.** And what about... --
- 8 A. Excuse me.
- 9 **Q.** Sorry, I'll let you finish, I interrupted you.
- 10 A. I just coughed, carry on madam.
- Okay, thank you. So, because you're in a school setting, did they make sure that you were able to get to the dentist or to the doctors if you were sick?
- 13 A. Well look, from what I recall way back then, doctors, there was only one doctor and that
- was Brother Garchow and that's who our doctor was at the time. As for dentists, I think
- that was down in Halswell somewhere, I can't quite remember. If there was any problems
- they'd send us to the dentist, yes, but the doctor there was Brother Garchow and I'll leave
- that at that.
- 18 Q. So did you ever, -so you didn't do annual checks to- the dentist as a matter of routine?
- 19 A. No.
- Q. What about the food, do you remember anything about the food, what that was like?
- 21 A. Well, all I can say as far as I am concerned, perhaps maybe some of the other boys, the
- food was brilliant. Why I say that, it came from Liz Davidson and she was in charge of the
- kitchen and you made sure you got a good feed.
- Q. And so, there was enough food as well?
- 25 A. Yes, yes.
- 26 **Q.** You refer to when the Māori boys would speak the reo that they would get thrashings?
- 27 A. Yes.
- Q. How did that make you feel, can you recall? Did you feel like the boys were being picked
- on because of their colour maybe or...
- A. I felt they were getting picked on, yes, but it made me very angry, because "Wait on, you
- don't live here, who the heck are you blah blah blah, do this and do that." And that made
- me angry, and then anything I picked up I just wanted to give them everything possible and,
- okay, you're young, you're a little bit fitter than normal, then wait on, you just don't do that.
- They expect me to learn something that's part of their culture and nationality. That's what I

- 1 was thinking way back then.
- Q. So you went into Marylands knowing that you were a young Māori boy, but while you were there you were made to feel bad about being Māori, is that what I'm hearing?
- 4 A. Correct.
- **Q.** And you've had to relearn it now as an adult as a result of it being denied you in those years in school?
- 7 A. Yes.

Q. Thank you. We've read your affidavit fully and so we are very, very grateful for everything that you have generously provided the Commission with. I'll just check with our Chair if there's anymore questions from her. Adam, the pleasure has fallen to me, the privilege to be able to thank you this morning.

Can I acknowledge your ancestry. Can I acknowledge your Ngāti Raukawa and your Tainui, your iwi and the roots that you hail from. Can I also acknowledge the support people that you speak so lovingly about who have just given you the strength and the kaha to actually be here with us today, so that's Matiu who I know is there in the room with you maybe, but also, as you referred to him so I'll refer to him that way Sir Ken Clearwater who is here with us giving us the support here on your behalf as well.

You know, it's never lost on us the courage and the absolute bravery that it takes for any survivor to come forward. And so what you're gifting us in terms of your insights are very, very powerful and they will absolutely help us in our work.

So on behalf of the Commission, on behalf of our chair, can I just extend Mālo le tauivi, mālo le taumafai, mālo le loto toa. And I want to thank you in my language, because that talks about the warrior that is within you, that has emerged, that is continuing to strengthen. And just for the encouragement and the example that you are and will continue to be to many others who suffered similar, similar journeys to you. So thank you very, very much and thank you, Ms Spelman, as well for being there and leading Adam this morning.

CHAIR: And you should know that finally we have the picture up, so we can see you, you probably can't see us anymore, but we can now see you as a very handsome young man, I have to say, wearing red bands at Marylands and it's great to see you looking there with your other people who we can't identify, but thank you for sharing that photograph with us, we appreciate it.

Very well, Ms Anderson, I think that brings us to the... --